

FLX-1002-03-COA

DIN EN ISO 17034:2017



# **Certified Reference Material FLX-1002 - Cement**

# **New certificate issued February 2023**

# **Certified Values**

Parameter	Mass fraction in % <sup>1)</sup>	Uncertainty in % <sup>2)</sup>	Traceable to		
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	6,02	0,15	NIST 1884B		
CaO	62,23	0,53	BAM Reinstoff Nr. 3		
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2,01	0,09	NIST 1884B		
K₂O	0,795	0,056	NIST 1884B		
MgO	1,62	0,08	BAM Reinstoff Nr. 6B		
Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0,123	0,020	NIST 1884B		
Na₂O	0,150	0,026	IV CGNA10 LOT: P2-NA685078		
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	0,138	0,021	NIST 1884B		
SiO <sub>2</sub>	22,48	0,35	NIST 1884B		
SO₃	3,86	0,14	NIST 1884B		
TiO <sub>2</sub>	0,360	0,036	NIST 1884B		

Table1) Certified Values

- 1) Certified value traceable to SI unit kg/kg based on ignited material (1h 950 °C)
- 2) Total expanded uncertainty  $U_{CRM}$  calculated for a confidence interval of 95% (k=2).

The sum of all oxides is 99,863 %. This includes informational values and excludes LOI.

This certificate is valid, within the uncertainty specified, **until 20.05.2031**, provided the CRM is handled in accordance with instructions given in this certificate. The certification is nullified if the CRM is damaged, contaminated, or otherwise modified.

Bedburg-Hau, 27.02.2023

**Responsible Reference Materials** 

Susan Aschenbrenner

**General Manager**Dr. Rainer Schramm



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# **Description of the CRM**

This reference material is an industrial product and was taken directly from the production stream. The complete batch was sealed into 30 g bottles. This material is normally used as cement for constructions.

#### Intended use

Calibration and control sample for x-ray fluorescence (XRF) analysis.

# **Informational Values**

Parameter	Mass Fraction in %3)	Uncertainty <sup>4)</sup>
Cl <sup>s)</sup>	0,074	-
LOI <sup>6)</sup>	3,89	-

Table2) Informational Values

- 3) Only Informational Value, not accredited
- 4) Total expanded uncertainty U<sub>CRM</sub> calculated for a confidence interval of 95% (k=2), if present, not accredited
- 5) Based on dried material (1h 105 °C).
- 6) Based on original material.

# Instructions for the correct use of the CRM

This material is moisture sensitive. This material has to be ignited for minimum 1 hour at 950°C prior use. The ignition process must result in a constant weight. The ignited material must be stored in a desiccator not longer than 24h, then reignition might be necessary. The minimum sample quantity for analysis should be 1g. For XRF use, ignited samples should be prepared as a fused bead, e.g. in accordance with ISO 29581-2:2010.

# **Storage Information**

The material has to be stored in a dry and clean environment.

# **Hazardous situation**

For this material an actual MSDS is available.

## Level of homogeneity

In accordance with ISO Guide 35:2017 a homogeneity study was performed. A one-way ANOVA was used to calculate the batch inhomogeneity.



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# Stability

In accordance with ISO Guide 35:2017 a stability study was performed. As a result, the stability of the material was considered as fit for purpose. The uncertainty of long term stability was calculated.

# **Total expanded uncertainty**

The total expanded uncertainty UCRM for a confidence interval of 95% (k=2) was calculated by taking into account the uncertainty of characterization  $u_{char}$ , of inhomogeneity  $u_{bb}$  and long-term stability  $u_{lts}$ .

$$U_{CRM} = \mathbf{k} \times \sqrt{u_{char}^2 + u_{bb}^2 + u_{lts}^2}$$

### **Traceability**

All of the certified values derived as part of this testing program have traceability to the reference materials stated in table 1.

#### Methods used

The analytical work performed to assess this material was carried out by the FLUXANA laboratory, which works under DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018 accreditation.

In accordance with DIN EN ISO 17034:2017 and ISO Guide 35:2017, we use the approach stated in DIN EN ISO 17034:2017 Chapter 7.12.3. d) value transfer from an RM to a closely matched candidate RM performed using a single measurement procedure performed by one laboratory.

An example for this approach is found in DIN ISO 13528:2015 E.5. Using this approach, samples of the test material that is to be the new reference material are tested along with matching and/or synthetic RMs using a suitable method. The assigned values  $X_{CRM}$  and their uncertainties  $U_{CRM}$  are then derived from a calibration against the certified reference values of the compared RMs. Synthetic RMs are made from pure chemicals by weighing. Measurement method used: XRF with fusion as sample preparation technique.

This certificate is in conformance with ISO Guide 31:2015.